This document contain supporting documentation for:

Eriksson, H. et al. (2022). Strategies for keeping dairy cows and calves together – a cross-sectional survey study

Most analyses of the data were performed in R version 4.0.0, using RStudio version 1.3.959.

To run the R script, download R at https://www.r-project.org/, and RStudio at https://www.rstudio.com/products/rstudio/download/.

For information on how to install and load packages in R, see https://www.statmethods.net/interface/packages.html

Data was also analysed using STATA 14, which requires a licence to use. To run the STATA script, open STATA and insert the script in a do-file.

Here follows the description of variables included in the data sets. Variables where the answers were identified as either uninformative or to a large extent corrupted have been removed in the published data set. For many multiple choice questions a free-text response alternative was provided. If further themes were identified (many farms answering the same thing) when going through the free-text answers, the data was recoded. New themes are indicated by "RECODED".

VARIABLE NAME	EXPLANATION
no_delivery	dummy variable, $1 = $ farm do not deliver or use milk for dairy
	production, $0 = \text{farm deliver milk for commercial purposes}$
id_respondant	unique identifier for farms participating in the survey
created	date-time when survey was opened and entered into Netigate
	(year-month-day hour:minute)
completed	date-time when survey was closed (year-month-day hour:minute)
country	country the farm is located in
date_interview	date the interview was performed (YYYY-MM-DD)

QUESTION 2

days_suckle	the number of days calves suckle an adult lactating cow (dam or
	foster)

QUESTION 3

organic_dummy	dummy variable specifying if the farm uses organic certification, 0
	= no, $1 = yes$
organic_label1	name of organic label used by the farm
organic_label2	if relevant, name of second organic label used by the farm

welfare_dummy variable specifying if the farm uses welfare certification, 0

= no, 1 = yes

welfare_label1 name of welfare label used by the farm

welfare_label2 if relevant, name of second welfare label used by the farm

other_dummy dummy variable specifying if the farm uses other than organic or

welfare certification, 0 = no, 1 = yes

other_label name of other labels used by the farm

QUESTION 4-5

breed1 predominant dairy cow breed in the dairy herd

breed2 other dairy cow breed in the herd breed3 other dairy cow breed in the herd breed4 other dairy cow breed in the herd

cross bred dairy cows used on the farm. Notes: unspecified = cross

breed used on farm but not breeds not specified

pure_breed dummy variable, 1 = farm only has dairy cows of "pure" breed, no

crosses. Also used if multiple pure breeds present on farm; 0 = farm deliberately cross-breed dairy cows. Beef animals not

counted, Simmental counted as dairy breed

multiple_breeds dummy variable, 1 = farm has multiple dairy breeds (including

crosses); 0 = farm only has one dairy breed, unspecified = farmer has not answered if there is more than one breed on the farm. Beef

animals not counted, Simmental counted as dairy breed dairy breeds not counted as predominant on the farm

QUESTION 6

other_breeds

cows_tot total number of adult dairy cows (including dry cows and foster

cows but not pregnant heifers)

QUESTION 7

ha_crop crop surface in hectares

ha_perm_pasture permanent pasture surface in hectares ha_temp_pasture temporary pasture surface in hectares

QUESTION 8

calves_born number of born dairy calves during the last 12 months

heifers_weaned number of weaned female dairy calves during the last 12 months

(weaning = milk feeding is terminated on the farm of origin)

heifers_sold number of sold female dairy calves (≤6 months of age) during the

last 12 months

heifers_kept number of female dairy calves kept for recruitment during the last

12 months:

heifers_beef number of female dairy calves fattened during the last 12 months

(or raised for fattening beef/slaughter)

own_rearing CONSTRUCTED VARIABLE dummy variable for raising

recruitment heifers on the home farm. Based on heifers_kept and

free-text answers

QUESTION 9

 $\begin{array}{lll} beef_cattle & 0 = no, \ 1 = yes \\ pigs & 0 = no, \ 1 = yes \\ poultry & 0 = no, \ 1 = yes \\ sheep & 0 = no, \ 1 = yes \\ goats & 0 = no, \ 1 = yes \end{array}$

horses $\begin{array}{lll} \text{RECODED 0 = no, 1 = yes} \\ \text{bees} & \text{RECODED 0 = no, 1 = yes} \\ \text{turkeys} & \text{RECODED 0 = no, 1 = yes} \\ \text{geese} & \text{RECODED 0 = no, 1 = yes} \\ \text{ducks} & \text{RECODED 0 = no, 1 = yes} \\ \text{peacocks} & \text{RECODED 0 = no, 1 = yes} \\ \text{rabbits} & \text{RECODED 0 = no, 1 = yes} \\ \end{array}$

QUESTION 10

income_milk proportion of household income from milk production (%),

unspecified = no information given.

QUESTION 11

housing factor variable for housing system used for the dairy cows; levels:

freestall = cubicle housing, loosehouse = free walking system without cubicles, outside = cows housed outdoors during all

seasons, tiestall = tiestall housing, mixed = more than one housing

system used for adult cows

mixed_description closer description of mixed, as these housing systems were

variable

QUESTION 12

ms dummy for using any form of milking system, including manual

milking for delivery; 1 = yes, 0 = no

ams_msautomatic milking; 0 = no, 1 = yesrotary_msrotary milking; 0 = no, 1 = yesfishbone_msfishbone parlour; 0 = no, 1 = yestandem_mstandem parlour; 0 = no, 1 = yes

parallell_ms RECODED parallel parlour; 0 = no, 1 = yes butterfly_ms RECODED butterfly parlour; 0 = no, 1 = yes

tie_pipe_ms tie-stall pipeline; 0 = no, 1 = yes

bucket_ms RECODED bucket milking; 0 = no, 1 = yes

hand_ms RECODED manual milking for commercial purposes; 0 = no, 1 =

yes

other_ms other milking system; 0 = no, 1 = yes

other_ms_description description of milking systems described as other

QUESTION 13

rearing factor variable for type of calf rearing practice on the farm; mother

= calves reared together with the dam, foster = calves reared

together with foster cows, mix = farm uses both mother and foster

cows for calf rearing, mother_bulk = calves first dam reared, then manually fed bulk milk, bulk_foster = calves first manually fed

bulk milk, then reared together with foster cows

other_rearing_ description Free-text comments on calf rearing practice

QUESTION 14

milking_suckled_cows dummy variable for milking suckled cows; 1 = yes, 0 = no, other

= various responses

other_suckling description of practices used when stating "Other" on "Are

suckled cows milked?"; most often because dams are milked while

foster cows are not

nbr_milkings_suckled the number of times per day that suckled cows are milked

QUESTION 16

season_calving dummy variable for seasonal calving; 1 = yes, 0 = no, other =

farmer left free-text answers

season_description farmers' comments on seasonal calving practices

QUESTION 18

pasture_type type of pasture that the dairy cows are kept on;

production_pasture = production pasture, exercise = exercise paddock, no_pasture = no-grazing system, mix = multiple

practices, other = very unusual pasture practices

QUESTION 19

qt_TFR proportion of pasture in the total feed ration (TFR) during the

grazing season; 0 = no pasture, 1 = 1-25%, 2 = 26-50%, 3 = 51-

75%, 4 = 76-100%

QUESTION 20

early_foster_NA dummy variable for NOT using early lactation foster cow; 1 = yes,

0 = no

early_foster_SCC dummy variable for using early lactation foster cows to female

calves due to high somatic cell count; 1 = yes, 0 = no

early_foster_noSCC RECODED dummy variable for using early lactation foster cows

to female calves due to excellent udder health; 1 = yes, 0 = no;

early_foster_lowmilk dummy variable for using early lactation foster cows to female

calves due to low milk production; 1 = yes, 0 = no

early_foster_hard dummy variable for using early lactation foster cows to female

calves due to the cow being difficult to milk; 1 = yes, 0 = no

early_foster_nice RECODED dummy variable for using early lactation foster cows

to female calves because they are known to be nice to the calves; 1

= yes, 0 = no

early_foster_dim	RECODED dummy variable for using early lactation foster cows to female calves due to the lactation stage; $1 = yes$, $0 = no$. Note: often cows in low DIM were used for older calves
early_foster_lame	RECODED dummy variable for using early lactation foster cows to female calves due to lameness; $1 = yes$, $0 = no$
early_foster_cull	RECODED dummy variable for using early lactation foster cows to female calves because the cow is selected for slaughter; $1 = yes$, $0 = no$
early_foster_other	dummy variable for using early lactation foster cows to female calves due to (uncommon) reasons not mentioned above; $1 = yes$, $0 = no$
early_foster_other_ description	description of other reasons for choosing early lactation foster cows, full original comment retained (also for recoded reasons)
QUESTION 21	
late_foster_NA	dummy variable for NOT using late lactation foster cow; 1 = yes, 0 = no
late_foster_SCC	dummy variable for using late lactation foster cows to female calves due to high somatic cell count; $1 = yes$, $0 = no$
late_foster_milk	dummy variable for using late lactation foster cows to female calves due to low milk production; $1 = yes$, $0 = no$
late_foster_hard	dummy variable for using late lactation foster cows to female calves due to the cow being difficult to milk; $1 = yes$, $0 = no$
late_foster_nice	RECODED dummy variable for using late lactation foster cows to female calves because they were known to be nice to the calves; $1 = yes$, $0 = no$
late_foster_dim	RECODED dummy variable for using late lactation foster cows to female calves due to the lactation stage; 1 = yes, 0 = no. Note: most often either low-producing cows in high DIM, or very high producing animals
late_foster_lame	RECODED dummy variable for using late lactation foster cows to female calves due to lameness; $1 = yes$, $0 = no$
late_foster_cull	RECODED dummy variable for using late lactation foster cows to female calves because the cow is selected for slaughter; 1 = yes, 0 = no
late_foster_other	dummy variable for using late lactation foster cows to female calves due to (uncommon) reasons not mentioned above; $1 = yes$, $0 = no$
late_foster_other_	description of other reasons for choosing late lactation foster
description	cows, full original comment retained (also for recoded reasons)
QUESTION 22	
cow_moo	dummy variable for observing vocalization responses for several days after separation among the cows; $1 = yes$, $0 = no$
cow_moo_24h	RECODED dummy variable for observing vocalization responses the day after separation among the cows; $1 = yes$, $0 = no$
cow_distress	RECODED dummy variable for observing agitation among the

cows after separation; 1 = yes, 0 = no

no_milk dummy variable for observing impaired milk let down among the

cows for several days after separation; 1 = yes, 0 = no

no_milk_24 RECODED dummy variable for observing impaired milk let

down among the cows the day after separation; 1 = yes, 0 = no

cow_no_feed dummy variable for observing reduced feed intake for several

days after separation among the cows; 1 = yes, 0 = no

calf_moo dummy variable for observing vocalization responses for several

days after separation among the calves; 1 = yes, 0 = no

calf_moo_24h RECODED dummy variable for observing vocalization responses

the day after separation among the calves; 1 = yes, 0 = no

calf_distress RECODED dummy variable for observing agitation among the

calves after separation; 1 = yes, 0 = no

calf_weight dummy variable for observing weight loss among the calves after

separation; 1 = yes, 0 = no

calf_breakout RECODED dummy variable for calves breaking out of their new

holding pen after they have been separated from the adult cows; 1

= yes, 0 = no

no_signs dummy variable for NOT observing any problems after

separation; 1 = yes, 0 = no

separation_other dummy variable for observing other problems at separation, than

those listed above; 1 = yes, 0 = no

separation_other_ description of other reasons for problems at weaning, full original

description comment retained (also for recoded reasons)

QUESTION 23

wean_stepwise dummy variable for stepwise separation; 1 = yes, 0 = no

wean_med dummy variable for medical treatment at separation; 1 = yes, 0 =

no

wean_feed dummy variable for providing attractive feed to cows and calves

at separation, to deviate attention; 1 = yes, 0 = no

wean_no_problem dummy variable for NOT observing any problems that need

intervention at separation; 1 = yes, 0 = no

wean_alt_trt RECODED dummy variable for homeopathic/herbal remedy

treatment at separation; 1 = yes, 0 = no

wean_noseflaps RECODED dummy variable for using nose flaps on the calves

before separation; 1 = yes, 0 = no

wean_away RECODED dummy variable for removing visual, and preferably

auditory contact at separation; 1 = yes, 0 = no

wean_nothing RECODED dummy variable for NOT performing any special

interventions at separation; 1 = yes, 0 = no

wean_other dummy variable for performing any other intervention at

separation, than those listed above; 1 = yes, 0 = no

wean_other_ description of other interventions at separation, full original

comment retained (also for recoded interventions)

QUESTION 24

description

udder_care dummy variable for using any special measures to care for the

udders, particularly for foster cows; 1 = yes, 0 = no

trt_udder_care free-text option to describe special measures for udder care

QUESTION 25

pct_ge8 proportion of all calves (heifers and bulls) that have cow contact

for more than 7 days (%)

QUESTION 26

foster_nbr_calves number of calves per foster cow on average. Note: NA = foster

cows not used, 0 = calf kept with the dam, but farmer had noticed

that calves also suckle other cows

QUESTION 27

foster_start_day age in days when the calf is moved to the foster cow. Note: 999 =

days in age when transferred to foster cows not provided

QUESTION 28

col_suck dummy variable for letting the calves obtain colostrum through

suckling; 1 = yes, 0 = no

col_drench dummy variable for giving colostrum with drencher; 1 = yes, 0 =

no

col_bucket dummy variable for giving colostrum with bucket; 1 = yes, 0 = no

col_bottle RECODED dummy variable for giving colostrum with bottle; 1

= yes, 0 = no

col_description description of ways to provide colostrum than those listed above,

full original comment retained (also for recoded interventions)

QUESTION 29

own_rearing dummy variable for rearing recruitment heifers at the home farm;

1 = yes, 0 = no

QUESTION 30

pct_female_suckle proportion of female calves that are allowed to suckle (%)

pct_male_suckle proportion of male calves that are allowed to suckle (%)

QUESTION 31

description_rearing open text description on how a female calf is kept, the majority of

the day, from birth to weaning

QUESTION 32

calf_forage_wk age in weeks when the calves get access to forage

calf_no_forage dummy variable for NOT giving forage to the calves; 1 = yes, 0 =

no

QUESTION 33

calf_concentrate_wk
calf_no_concentrate

age in weeks when the calves get access to concentrate dummy variable for NOT giving concentrate to the calves; 1 = yes, 0 = no

QUESTION 34

female_suckle_d age in days when female calves on average stop suckling. Notes:

this not always mean that they stop consuming milk

QUESTION 35

female_extra dummy variable for giving additional milk with bucket to female

calves; 1 = yes, 0 = no

female_extra_l the amount of additional milk that are given in liters female_extra_l free-text descriptions of reasons to provide additional milk description

QUESTION 36

female_contact factor variable for contact allowance for female calves, levels:

permanent = full day contact, restricted = always time-restricted access, mix = part of life permanent and part of life restricted, both = some calves permanent access, some restricted access, NA = one

farm that let the bulls calves suckle but not the heifer calves free-text description of contact allowance for female calves

female_contact_ description

QUESTION 37

female_nbr_contact1 number of times per day the female calves were kept with the adult

animals during the beginning of the milk period

female nbr contact2 if relevant, the number of times per day the female calves were

kept with the adult animals after the beginning of the milk period. Notes: most common to initially have contact two times per day, and decrease to one time per day when approaching weaning.

farms that did not change daily contact occasions = NA

female_nbr_contact3 if relevant, the number of times per day the female calves were

kept with the adult animals in the end of the milk period. Notes: some farms let the calves suckle every other day after the once per

day period.

QUESTION 38

female_contact_when factor variable for when cow-calf contact occurred, levels: before

= female calves has access before milking, after = access after milking, permanent = female calves are permanently with adult cows, both = calf access specified as both before and after milking, while specifying restricted access, during = calf access specified as during milking, halfday = access to adult cows between milkings, for half of the day, mix = either access before milking for part of life, and access after milking at other times or some other combination of the other strategies, NA = female calves have

contact with adult cows but does not suckle, no_milking = cows

used for suckling is not milked

female_when_description free-text comments for when cow-calf contact occured

QUESTION 41

female_wean_wk average weaning age in weeks for female calves

QUESTION 42

suckled_milk_test factor variable describing if suckled cows are included in

performance testing or milk recording; levels: yes = all cows included, no = no cows included, some = a proportion of suckled cows are included, no_recording = farm is not enrolled in milk

recording, no_answer = no answer provided

QUESTION 44

cow_fertility factor variable describing the farmers perception of fertility for

suckled cows, compared to cows that had their calf removed shortly after birth, levels: better = suckled cows have better fertility, worse = suckled cows have worse fertility, same = no difference, dont_know = farmer is unsure about the effect,

no_answer = no answer provided

cow_udder_health factor variable describing the farmers perception of udder health

for suckled cows, compared to cows that had their calf removed shortly after birth, levels: better = suckled cows have better udder health, worse = suckled cows have worse udder health, same = no

difference, dont_know = farmer is unsure about the effect,

no_answer = no answer provided

QUESTION 45

calf_health factor variable describing the farmers perception of general calf

health for calves allowed to suckle, compared to calves removed from adult cows shortly after birth, levels: better = calves allowed to suckle have better general health, worse = calves allowed to

suckle have worse general health, same = no difference,

dont_know = farmer is unsure about the effect, no_answer = no

answer provided

calf_gain factor variable describing the farmers perception of weight gain

in calves allowed to suckle, compared to calves removed from adult cows shortly after birth, levels: higher = calves allowed to suckle grow faster, lower = calves allowed to suckle grow slower, same = no difference, dont know = farmer is unsure about the

effect, no_answer = no answer provided

calf_diarrhoea factor variable describing the farmers perception of diarrhea

among calves allowed to suckle, compared to calves removed from adult cows shortly after birth, levels: higher = calves allowed to suckle more frequently have diarrhea, lower = calves allowed to

suckle less frequently have diarrhea, same = no difference,

Ü

dont_know = farmer is unsure about the effect, no_answer = no

answer provided

calf_cough factor variable describing the farmers perception of respiratory

disease among calves allowed to suckle, compared to calves removed from adult cows shortly after birth, levels: higher = calves allowed to suckle more frequently have respiratory disease, lower = calves allowed to suckle less frequently have respiratory disease, same = no difference, dont know = farmer is unsure about

the effect, no_answer = no answer provided

QUESTION 46

ab 12mo dummy variable for using antibiotics for treatment of calves

during the last 12 months; 1 = yes, 0 = no, no_answer = no answer

provided

QUESTION 47

deworm_3y dummy variable for using any kind of anthelmintic treatment of

calves during the last 3 years; 1 = yes, 0 = no, no_answer = no

answer provided

dummy variable for using medical anthelmintic treatment of deworm_convent

calves during the last 3 years; 1 = yes, 0 = no

dummy variable for using homeopathic anthelmintic treatment of deworm_hpt

calves during the last 3 years; 1 = yes, 0 = no

dummy variable for using other alternative treatment (e.g. deworm_alt

fytotherapy, herbal medicine) of calves during the last 3 years; 1 =

yes, 0 = no

deworm_alt_description free-text description of alternative medicine (e.g. fytotherapy,

herbal medicine)

QUESTION 48

calf_annual_death the average number of calves (0-3 months of age) that die

annually in the herd, stillbirths not included

calf_annual_death_

description

free-text comments to annual calf mortality

calf_death_rate CONSTRUCTED VARIABLE = calf annual death /calves born.

Notes: if either the number of born calves, or number of calves

dying was not reported, the value was set to 999

QUESTION 49

start_year the year the farm started with cow-calf contact. Notes: 1900

indicates that the farm has used cow-calf contact for several

generations

QUESTION 50

more_time factor variable for perceiving cow-calf contact as more time

> consuming than conventional systems, levels: yes = CCC more time consuming, no = CCC not more time consuming, same = RECODED free-text answers shows that farmer think CCC takes

as much time as conventional calf rearing, don't know =

RECODED farmer has no opinion, unspecified = RECODED no

answer provided

more_time_comment free-text comment to more_time

QUESTION 51

driver_natural dummy variable for perceiving naturalness of the system as an

important driver for cow-calf contact; 1 = yes, 0 = no

driver_lesstime dummy variable for perceiving reduced work load as an important

driver for cow-calf contact; 1 = yes, 0 = no

driver_calfhealth dummy variable for improved calf health as an important driver

for cow-calf contact; 1 = yes, 0 = no

driver_calfgrowth RECODED dummy variable for improved calf growth as an

important driver for cow-calf contact; 1 = yes, 0 = no

driver_cowhealth dummy variable for improved cow health as an important driver

for cow-calf contact; 1 = yes, 0 = no

driver_consumer dummy variable for consumer demands as an important driver for

cow-calf contact; 1 = yes, 0 = no

driver_welfare RECODED dummy variable for improved animal welfare as an

important driver for cow-calf contact; 1 = yes, 0 = no

driver_happy RECODED dummy variable increased work satisfaction as an

important driver for cow-calf contact; 1 = yes, 0 = no

driver_profit RECODED dummy variable for profit as an important driver for

cow-calf contact; 1 = yes, 0 = no

driver_certification RECODED dummy variable for meeting certification criteria as

an important driver for cow-calf contact; 1 = yes, 0 = no

driver other other (uncommon) factors mentioned by farmers as important

drivers for cow-calf contact; other = other reasons than those

mentioned above important driver for cow-calf contact

description_driver_other free-text comment to driver_other. Full original comments

retained (also for recoded drivers)

QUESTION 52

barrier_nothink dummy variable for not thinking about any barriers before

implementing cow-calf contact; 1 = yes, 0 = no

barrier_dontknow dummy variable for perceiving lack of knowledge as a barrier for

implementing cow-calf contact; 1 = yes, 0 = no

barrier_complicated dummy variable for perceiving the complexity of the system as a

barrier for implementing cow-calf contact; 1 = yes, 0 = no

barrier_notallowed dummy variable for perceiving prohibition as a barrier for

implementing cow-calf contact; 1 = yes, 0 = no

barrier_moretime dummy variable for perceiving increased work load as a barrier for

implementing cow-calf contact; 1 = yes, 0 = no

barrier_separation dummy variable for perceiving separation distress among the

animals as a barrier for implementing cow-calf contact; 1 = yes, 0

= no

barrier_testing dummy variable for perceiving performance testing as a barrier for

implementing cow-calf contact; 1 = yes, 0 = no

barrier_barn RECODED dummy variable for perceiving the current barn

construction as a barrier for implementing cow-calf contact; 1 =

yes, 0 = no

barrier_none RECODED dummy variable for not perceiving any barriers for

implementing cow-calf contact; 1 = yes, 0 = no

barrier_noanswer RECODED dummy variable for not responding to the question

about barriers for implementing cow-calf contact; 1 = yes, 0 = no

barrier_other dummy variable for perceiving other (uncommon) factors as

barriers for implementing cow-calf contact; 1 = yes, 0 = no

barrier_other_description free-text comment to barrier_other. Full original comments

retained (also for recoded barriers)

QUESTION 53

want_change factor variable for wanting to modify something in the present

cow-calf rearing strategy, levels: 1 = yes, 0 = no, maybe = RECODED thinking about maybe implementing an alternative

practice in the future

change_description free-text comment to want_change. Full original comments

retained (also for recoded responsed)

QUESTION 55

final_comment free-text responses to final comments or other important aspects